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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/511,304	10/15/2004	Takao Koyama	009682-138 9491		
7590 10/06/2006		EXAMINER			
Robert G Mukai			NGUYEN, TUAN N		
Burns Doane Sv PO Box 1404	vecker & Mathis	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Alexandria, VA 22313-1404			3751		
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)			
<u>.</u>		10/511,3	3 04 .	KOYAMA, TAKAO			
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit			
		Tuan N. I	Nguyen	3751			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 July 2006. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 							
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)	Claim(s) 21-58 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) 22-36,38-50,52,54, Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 21,37,51,53,55 and 57 is/are rejected to. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and con Papers The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the limitation of the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the limitation of the oath or declaration is objected to by the limitation of the oath or declaration is objected to by the limitation of the limitat	ed. //or election recepted or by the drawing(s) lection is required.	requirement. Di objected to by the Ended in abeyance. See red if the drawing(s) is objected in the drawing(s) is objected if the drawing(s) is objected if the drawing(s)	Examiner. e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/15/04, 7/19/05. 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:							

Art Unit: 3751

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of Species 1: Fig. 1 in the reply filed on 7/10/06 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). The applicant further indicates claims 21, 37, 51, 53, 55 and 57 are readable thereon. Accordingly, claims 22-36, 38-50, 52, 54, 56 and 58 are withdrawn from further consideration.

Specification

2. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 21, 37, 51, 53, 55 and 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear as to how far the applicant wants to refer back in the disclosure with the language "described above" on lines 3 and 5-6 of claim 21. Furthermore, it is unclear as to what claim 37 is claiming.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 21 and 37 (as best understood) are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Quercioli.

Quercioli discloses a writing instrument in which an ink impregnated into an ink occlusion body (14) in a barrel (3) is fed to a pen tip (9a) in a writing part, wherein the ink impregnated into the ink occlusion body is fed to the pen tip via an ink guiding feed (9) having visibility since barrel (3) is made of transparent material, and a sign of exhausting the ink fed from the ink occlusion body is inherently detected by visually observing the ink guiding feed described above via a visible part formed in the barrel.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 21, 37, 51, 53, 55 and 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kirita in view of Takanashi et al. (hereinafter Takanashi) and Madaus et al. (hereinafter Madaus).

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In regard to claims 21 and 37, Kirita discloses a writing instrument (Fig. 1) in which an ink impregnated into an ink occlusion body (101) in a barrel (100) is fed to a pen tip (12) in a writing part, wherein the ink impregnated into the ink occlusion body is fed to the pen tip via an ink guiding feed (12a) having visibility since it is made of transparent material. Although the Kirita reference is silent as to the material of the barrel being made out of transparent material, attention is directed to the Takanashi reference which discloses an analogous writing instrument, which further includes a barrel (12) and an ink guiding feed (18) made out of transparent material (see col. 8. lines 11-16) so as to check not only the residual ink quantity in the ink tank but also that in the collector (see col. 5, line 64 et seq.). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the barrel of Kirita out of transparent material as, for example, taught by Takanashi in order to check not only the residual ink quantity in the ink tank but also that in the ink guiding feed area. In so doing, a sign of exhausting the ink fed from the ink occlusion body is inherently detected by visually observing the ink guiding feed via a visible part formed in the barrel. In regard to claim 51, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make only a portion of the barrel visible as claimed in a way similar to the portion (10) in Fig. 4 of Madaus. In regard to claims 53, 55 and 57, although the Kirita reference is silent of the specific dimension of the ink guiding feed having an ink passage, the specific surface tension of the ink, and the specific viscosity of the ink as claimed, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to obtain an ink guiding feed having

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an ink passage cross-sectional area in the specific range as claimed and an ink having the specific surface tension and viscosity as claimed, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art.

Conclusion

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Iida discloses a writing instrument with transparent barrel and ink guiding feed; and Sukhna et al. discloses an ink with a specific surface tension.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan N. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-4892. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (10:00-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Justine R. Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4835. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Tuan Nguyén Primary Examiner

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TN